

SZLAMA KLEINER COLLECTION, 1919-1947

2000.306

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Supplemental material:

Below is an inventory of the Szlama Kleiner collection.

- .1 **Photograph;** studio portrait of Abram Dresner, Szlama's maternal cousin; dated: November 21, 1920; location: Oberhausen, Germany
- .2 **Photograph;** studio portrait of Rywka Krawczyk Dresner, Szlama's maternal grandmother, who died in Paris, France in 1940; Mosze-Ber Krawczyk (left) and Szlomo Krawczyk, (right) are Szlama's great-uncles (Rywka's brothers); dated: 1925; location: Paris, France
- .3 **Photograph;** Dresner family poses together, standing on a wooden bridge in a park; standing from left: Ciriagl Dresner; Dobryś Dresner Feigenblat; Chaim-Szyje Dresner; Sala Djamant Dresner; Lajbisz Djamant; Mosze-Sznil Dresner and Josef Dresner; standing in front is Jack Dresner; dated: summer 1935; location: Zawiercie, Poland
- .4 **Photograph;** studio portrait of Abram Dresner, Szlama's maternal uncle; caption on the back reads; "To my brother Icie Dresner"; dated: 1919; location: Łazy, Poland
- .5 **Photograph;** studio portrait of four Jewish young men, who emigrated to France from Łazy; first from right is Morris Dresner, Szlama's maternal uncle; second from left is Sal Dresner, Szlama's maternal cousin; dated: August 28, 1925; location: Paris, France
- .6 **Photograph;** Gelkopf family portrait; Mr. and Mrs. Gelkopf (seated on far left and far right) were killed during the deportation "aktion" in June 1942; Frania Gelkopf Dresner, second from right, their daughter (married to Szlama's maternal uncle), seated in the middle with her son, Albert, survived the war in Paris, posing as an Aryan. Standing in the back are: Mania Gelkopf, who with her two children perished in Auschwitz and Dawid Gelkopf, who survived Auschwitz and labor camps, lives now in Paris; dated: 1934; location: Łazy, Poland
- .7 **Photograph;** members of the Gelkopf family posing while standing in a stream; first from left is Mr. Eksztajn; third from left is Mania Gelkopf; fourth from left is Frania Gelkopf Dresner; first from right is Ita Ingster; in the first row, second from right is Albert Dresner, Szlama's cousin; dated: c. 1935; location: Łazy, Poland
- .8 **Photograph;** members of the Gelkopf and Eksztajn family posing in a forest; standing from left are: Dawid Gelkopf; Frima Eksztajn, Mania Gelkopf, Salka Eksztajn and Czeslaw Eksztajn; the Eksztajns lived in Czestochowa; dated: c. 1932; location: Łazy, Poland

- .9 **Photograph;** members of the Gelkopf and Eksztajn family posing during a picnic; Mrs. Gelkopf sits first on left; Dawid and Mania Gelkopf sit in the second row in the middle and Frania Gelkopf Dresner sits on the ground, third from right; dated: c. 1933; location: Łazy, Poland
- .10 **Photograph;** five young Jewish youth posing on sleds in the snow; from left: Dawid and Mania Gelkopf, siblings; Pinkus and Regina Szancer and Pinkus Brauner; dated: c. 1935; location: Łazy, Poland
- .11 **Photograph;** three Jewish men wearing formal suits stand on a wooden bridge; from left: Pinkus Szancer, Pinkus Brauner and Dawid Gelkopf; dated: c. 1935; location: Łazy, Poland
- .12 **Photograph;** image of two women holding a baby; on right is Chana Wajsfus Nechemja; this photograph was sent after the war as a postcard addressed to Cvi Wajsfus in Kielce; the original image was taken in 1931; location: Busko-Zdrój, Poland; in Yiddish and Polish
- .13 **Photograph;** image of Balcia Wajsfus, Szlama's mother-in-law (left); Nicha Wajsfus Zborowski and Mendel Wajsfus, Szlama's father-in-law (right) walking in the street; dated: c. 1935; location: Sosnowiec, Poland
- .14 **Photograph;** image of Nicha Wajsfus Zborowski posing on a tree trunk; dated: c. 1935; location; Siewierz, Poland
- .15 **Photograph;** image of Szlama and Mania Wajsfus (brother and sister-in-law of Szlama's wife) during an outing; dated: c. 1935; location: Poland
- .16 **Photograph;** image of Szlama Wajsfus and his wife, Mania Wajsfus sitting on a horse (brother and sister-in-law of Szlama's wife); dated; October 15, 1938; location: Sosnowiec, Poland
- .17 **Photograph;** studio portrait of Regina Wajsfus Studniberg, Szlama's sister-in-law; dated: August 25, 1934; location: Sosnowiec, Poland
- .18 **Photograph;** image of two young boys: Dawid Kalman, Szlama's wife's cousin (left) and Matjas Sapliker; dated: c. 1930; location: Sosnowiec, Poland; in Yiddish
- .19 **Photograph;** image of three young girls, daughters of Nicha Wajsfus Zborowski, Szlama's sister-in-law and Kopel Zborowski; dated: c. 1936; location: Sosnowiec, Poland
- .20 **Photograph;** studio portrait of two Zborowski brothers, both perished; dated: c. 1936; location: Siewierz, Poland
- .21 **Photograph;** studio portrait of Kopel Zborowski, who married Nicha, Szlama's sister-in-law; the Yiddish caption on the back reads; "This is a photo of my intended"; dated: February 18, 1931; location: Siewierz, Poland
- .22 **Photograph;** Nicha Wajsfus Zborowski, Szlama's sister-in-law walks in the street with her two children, Fela and Henryk; dated: c. 1936; location: Sosnowiec, Poland
- .23 **Photograph;** image of M. Zborowski, leaning on a tree; the photograph is dedicated to his Nadzia, Szlama's wife; he was the brother of Kopel Zborowski, Nadzia's brother-in-law; dated: July 8, 1940; location: Siewierz ghetto, Poland; in Polish

- .24 **Photograph;** image of M. Zborowski, laying on the ground; the photograph is dedicated to his Nadzia, Szlama's wife; he was the brother of Kopel Zborowski, Nadzia's brother-in-law; dated: September 4, 1940; location: Siewierz ghetto, Poland; in Polish
- .25 **Copy Photograph;** deportation of Jews from Łazy to Zawiercie and a few days later to Auschwitz; SS officers and German police are guarding the liquidation "aktion"; this photograph was taken on Kościuszki Street; Josef Bugajer stands fourth from left, holding a white pillow case in his hand; his daughter, Karola Bugajer Mława received these photographs after her own liberation from Bergen-Belsen and subsequently gave it to Mr. Kleiner; dated: June 16, 1942; location: Łazy, Poland
- .26 **Copy Photograph;** deportation of Jews from Łazy to Zawiercie and a few days later to Auschwitz; SS officers and German police are guarding the liquidation "aktion"; this photograph was taken on Kościuszki Street; Josef Bugajer stands first on far left, and Dawid Moszkowicz (with white beard) next to him; Karola Bugajer Mława, Josef's daughter, received these photographs after her own liberation from Bergen-Belsen and subsequently gave it to Mr. Kleiner; dated: June 16, 1942; location: Łazy, Poland
- .27 **Copy Photograph;** deportation of Jews from Łazy to Zawiercie and a few days later to Auschwitz; standing from right are: Josef Bugajer, Dawid Moszkowicz, Kopel Bugajer and a girl Herbert; standing on left, in the back is Rywka Dresner Moszkowicz; dated: June 16, 1942; location: Łazy, Poland
- .28 **Photograph;** image of double wedding ceremony; the bride on left is Rozia Wajnsztajn, who gave this photograph to Nadzia Wajsfus Kleiner, Szlama's wife; dated: August 14, 1945; location: Germany
- .29 **Photograph;** portrait of Nadzia Wajsfus Kleiner and Szlama Kleiner; dated: August 1945; location: Frankenstein – Żąbkowice, Poland
- .30 **Photograph;** portrait of three Jewish DP's, friends of Nadzia Kleiner, Szlama's wife, from Sosnowiec: Rózka, Sylwia and unknown; dated: May 21. 1946; location Bergen-Belsen, Germany
- .31 **Photograph;** portrait of two Jewish DP's, friends of Nadzia Kleiner, Szlama's wife, dedicated to her sister, Fela; from Sosnowiec; dated; August 28, 1946; location; Plattling DP camp, Germany
- .32 **Photograph;** image of Nadzia and Szlama Kleiner (left) and Nadzia's sister, Fela Wajsfus standing next to the gravestone of Cesia Kleiner, Szlama's sister, who died shortly after the liberation in Bergen-Belsen on June 9, 1945; dated: 1946; location; Bergen-Belsen, Germany
- .33 **Photograph;** image of Nadzia and Szlama Kleiner (left) and Nadzia's sister, Fela Wajsfus standing next to the gravestone of Cesia Kleiner, Szlama's sister, who died shortly after the liberation of Bergen-Belsen, on June 9, 1945; dated: 1946; location; Bergen-Belsen, Germany
- .34 **Photograph;** image of Nadzia Kleiner reading a book with their son, Mendel Kleiner during their stay in the Belsen DP camp; the Szlama notes: "Nadzia was a good teacher, but our son, Mendel, was not very interested. This was 53 years ago and now he is a professor at the "Chalmers Technological University" in Goteborg, Sweden"; dated: summer 1947; location; Belsen DP camp, Germany

- .35 **Photograph;** portrait of Nadzia Wajsfus Kleiner and Szlama Kleiner; dated: July 1945; location: Frankenstein – Żąbkowice, Poland
- .36 **Photograph;** portrait of Stefa, Nadzia's friend in the Sosnowiec ghetto, note the armband on her left hand; dated; September 7, 1941; location; Sosnowiec ghetto, Poland
- .37 **Photograph;** identification portrait of Nadzia Wajsfus Kleiner, Szlama's wife; dated: 1947; location: Belsen DP camp, Germany
- .38 **Photograph;** general view of the cemetery, where former inmates of the Bergen-Belsen concentration camp, who died soon after their liberation were buried; Cesia Kleiner, Szlama's sister is buried there; dated: 1945; location: Bergen-Belsen, Germany
- .39 **Photograph;** image of Rolusia and Pola, two sisters from Dąbrowa, who were friends of Nadzia Wajsfus; photograph given to Nadzia in 1945 after the liberation, but taken in the ghetto; dated; June 25, 1941; location: Dąbrowa ghetto, Poland; in Polish
- .40 **Photograph;** group portrait of survivors holding a sign: "The remainder of the Zawiercie Jews in the US zone "; every year, on the anniversary of the last deportation from Zawiercie, on August 26, 1943, the survivors from this town met to pay their respect to their murdered families; dated; August 26, 1946; location: Germany
- .41 **Copy Photograph;** group portrait of Jewish youth, wearing armbands, on a day of their deportation to the Auenrode labor camp; standing from right: Juda-Lejb Bugajer; Salek Przechodnik; I. Golendzer and third from left is Szlama Kleiner, the Szlama; squatting in the first row, from left is Sedziczef and Chana Przechodnik; dated: November 1940; location: Łazy, Poland
- .42 **Photograph;** group portrait of the Kleiner family: Hersz-Lejb Kleiner and his wife, Mala Dresner Kleiner with four of their five children (Doba, b. 1926, the youngest child, was not born yet) standing in the back on left is Abram-Zelig Kleiner, b. 1914 and on the right stands Mendel-Ajzik Kleiner – both brothers perished in 1943 in Auschwitz; seated in the middle is Szlama Kleiner, the Szlama and Cesia Kleiner, b. 1923, stands in front of her father, holding flowers; Cesia died soon after her liberation from the Bergen-Belsen concentration camp; dated: c. 1926; location: Łazy, Poland
- .43 **Photograph;** studio portrait of Morris Dresner, Szlama's maternal uncle and his wife; dated: December 13, 1927; location: Paris, France
- .44 **Copy Photograph;** image of Balcia Wajsfus, Szlama's mother-in-law (left); Nicha Wajsfus Zborowski and Mendel Wajsfus, Szlama's father-in-law (right) walking in the street; dated: c. 1935; location: Sosnowiec, Poland (same as .13)
- .45 **Copy Photograph;** portrait of Nadzia Wajsfus Kleiner, Szlama's wife, here at the age of fifteen; dated; c. 1935; location: Sosnowiec, Poland
- .46 **Photograph;** portrait of Hans Hertz, a German Jew imprisoned with Szlama Kleiner, the Szlama, in Fuerstengrube Myslowice – a sub-camp of Auschwitz; the Szlama recalls: "The conditions were inhuman. On March 7th, 1943 the commandant of the camp ordered all the sick inmates to

be transferred to Auschwitz for immediate death. He ordered Hans Hertz to take off his dark suit and put on some rags, but he wanted to die in his own clothes. I helped him to stay in his suit. With tears in his eyes he thanked me and gave me this photograph. He wrote there: "I suppose that my journey is over. Hungary, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Switzerland, Belgium, Italy, France, Germany. All the best, "Mazel and Bruche". My heartfelt thanks – Hans Hertz, March 7, 1943." On the left side of the photograph Szlama wrote in Polish: "Hans left for Auschwitz on March 7, 1943"; dated; March 7, 1943; location: Myslowice Fuerstengrube camp, Germany; in German and Polish

- .47 **Photograph;** portrait of Mandel, a German Jew imprisoned with Szlama Kleiner, the Szlama, in Fuerstengrube Myslowice – a sub-camp of Auschwitz, given to Szlama as he was taken to Auschwitz to be killed. The German caption on the back reads: "As a memento to an honest camp friend – Mandel; June 1, 1943"; dated; June 1, 1943; location: Myslowice Fuerstengrube camp, Germany; in German
- .48 **Certificate;** issued by the city hall of Reichenbach stating that Nadia Weissfuss, Szlama's wife, a hat maker, born in Sosnowiec on May 1, 1920, was a prisoner in the Peterswaldau concentration camp from 1942 till May 9, 1945; dated: May 23, 1945; location: Reichenbach – Dzierzoniów, Poland; in German
- .49 **Referral;** issued by the Polish government agency to Nadia Kleiner, Szlama's wife, stating that she should take over a sewing workshop, which belonged to Hedwig Buhl, on 9 Klasztorna Street in Ząbkowice (formerly Frankenstein); dated; July 27, 1945; location: Ząbkowice, Poland; in Polish
- .50 **Registration card;** issued to Szlama Kleiner, a tailor, number 141578; dated; 1945; location: Belsen Hohne DP camp, Germany; in German
- .51 **Certificate;** stating that Szlamek Kleiner is of good character and was never convicted of any crime; signed by D. Kalnitsky, police superintendent; red ink round stamp of the Police in Jewish camp Belsen with a Star of David; dated: January 30, 1947; location: Belsen DP camp, Germany; in English
- .52 **Certificate;** stating that Nadia Kleiner is of good character and was never convicted of any crime; signed by D. Kalnitsky, police superintendent; red ink round stamp of the Police in Jewish camp Belsen with a Star of David; dated: January 30, 1947; identification photo attached; location: Belsen DP camp, Germany; in English
- .53 **Postcard;** written by Chaim Buchner in Canada to his nieces: Nadzia and Fela Wajsfus in Belsen DP camp: "Dear child, Neche (Nadzia), why aren't you writing to me. I received a letter from your sister Fela. You can imagine our happiness. Please write and tell me what is going on with you, how can I help. I await your letter. Your uncle Buchner." dated: March 7, 1946; location: Montreal, Canada; in Yiddish