

# Sąd Apelacyjny w Lublinie (SAL), (Sygn. 220), 1945-1966

## Appeal Court in Lublin

### RG-15.175M

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### **Scope and Content of Collection**

This collection contains selected files of criminal trials which took place in the Appeals Court in Lublin during the years 1945-1969. These trials pertain to crimes committed against Jews and Poles by Germans and their collaborators during the German occupation. Most of investigation were discontinued. Trials were based on the Decree of August 31, 1944 ( "Sierpniówka"), issued by the Polski Komitet Wyzwolenia Narodowego (PKWN), concerning the punishment of German criminals guilty of murders and persecution of civilians and prisoners of war, and the punishment of traitors to the Polish Nation. "Sierpniówka" was one of the world's first legislation on liability for war crimes committed during World War II. This decree also applied to soldiers of the Home Army (Armia Krajowa) whom the Communist propaganda in the 40's and 50's attempted to portray as German collaborators.

## System of Arrangement

Records are arranged in the original order of their acquisition from the source archive. The museum has acquired only selected records from Institute of National Remembrance (Instytut Pamięci Narodowej-Komisja Ścigania Zbrodni przeciwko Narodowi Polskiemu, or IPN). More information about this collection and other materials in the possession of the Institute of National Remembrance, including archival finding aids from the Archives of the Institute of National Remembrance, is available at the website: <https://ipn.gov.pl>

Arranged by the court cases (names of defendants and court file number).

## Indexing Terms

Lublin (Poland) Sąd Okręgowy--Trials, litigation, etc.

War crime trials--Poland--Lublin.

War criminals--Legal status, laws, etc.

War victims--Legal status, laws, etc.

Lublin (Poland)--History--20<sup>th</sup> century.

Województwo Lubelskie (Poland)—History--Occupation, 1941-1944.

Trials.

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- 2 SAL 7 – part II Mazur Andrzej, Karczmarz Franciszek, Zbiciak Franciszek, Machnikowski Antoni, Mitrus Stefan, Adamczyk Franciszek Maksuła Hieronim, Mitrus Józef, Tarnowski Antoni (contributed to the seizure of several dozen Jews nearby the village of Godziszów, the county of Kraśnik in fall 1942; the seized Jews led to the German authorities were then shot), 1948-1961, pages 456,
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- SAL 10, 11 Rak Tadeusz, Cieślik Antoni, Zdyb Tadeusz (while setting up of the ghetto in the village of Mikulin, the county of Karnice (?) in 1942, were pretending to aid the Jews in running away; were in fact leading them to the German gendarmerie and thus doomed them to death), 1948 – 1955, pages 454,
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- 3 SAL 12 - part II Młynarczyk Józef, Mączka Józef (contributed to the denouncing of a 15-year-old Jews to the German authorities, who then killed the boy – the village of Taperczyn, the Krasnystaw commune, in winter, 1943), 1947-1955, pages 395,
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- 6 SAL 30 – part II Siwek Józef, Wyrzykowska Zofia, Bronisław Siwek (in summer 1942, in Konstantynowo, the county of Bielsk Podlaski, contributed to the shooting of 3 Jews by the German gendarmerie. Wyrzykowska was found not guilty), 1948-1949, pages 230,
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- 7 SAL 34 OczeK Kazimierz, Łask Teofil, Adach Józef (participated in the seizure of the Jew, Mr. Michał Besseman with his son in the village Radwanowce, the Potok commune, the county of Kraśnik, in fall 1942), 1947-1953, pages 295,
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- SAL 73 Mieczysław (on December 19, 1944, in the village of Szyce, the County of Lublin, being the members of the levy commission, Lipiec, Lis, Klimek seized Mr. Srul Ledermann, and Lipiec ordered to denounce him to the German gendarmerie, while Szymański i Borysa led them to the gendarmerie precinct in Piotrowice, where the Jew was shot), 1949-1954, pages 250,
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- 21 SAL 106 – part II Pająk Jan, Książek Jan, Małyszek Paweł, Ryzik Wawrzyniec. Ożóg Kazimierz (in fall 1944, in the village of Teodorowka, the Biłgoraj commune, participated in the seizure of the people persecuted by Germans because of their religion or of political reasons, including Jews), 1949-1962, pp. 568,
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- 32 SAL 151 – part II Klepek Stefan (in 1942, in Jarocin, the County of Nisko, as the officer of the local blue police, together with others, participated in the round-up for partisan troops, escorted two of them to the place of their execution and participated in the round-ups for people to be sent as forced labor to Reich), 1948-1956, pp. 349,
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- SAL 153 Pyćko Szczepan (in 1944 roku, in Łukow, seized a Jews and denounced him to the German authorities), 1949-1954, pp. 247,
- SAL 154 Oleszko Piotr (in January 1943, in Godziszów, the Kawęczyn commune, the County of Kraśnik, participated in the seizure of Jews, as the deputy village administrator was performed the orders of the occupation authorities very rigorously and eagerly), 1950-1951, pp. 171,
- 33 SAL 158 Druba Jan, Wojtowicz Bronisław, Wójcik Bronisław, Grzelaka Antoniego (during the German occupation escorted 30 Jews to Wola Przybysławska, the County of Puławy, and then escorted them to the blue police precinct in Markosowa (?), the County of Puławy), 1950-1953, pp. 331,
- SAL 161, 162 Gansiniec vel Ganschiniez Stefan (from January 1942, through June 1943, in Lublin, in KL Majdanek, was serving as a warden and participated in the murder of the Jewish woman prisoner by shooting her with an automatic gun), 1945-1955, pp. 200,
- SAL 163 Grzywacz Eugeniusz, Wiśnicki Waclaw, Mazurek Piotr, Koczkodaj Adam, Gomółki Marcin, Rybak Waclaw, Łuba Antoni (in winter 1942, in the village of Brzostowice, the County of Radzymin, acted against Szul Salomon, monitoring him and, per order of the village administrator, Grzywacz, Rybak and Łuba escorted some Goldman to the precinct of German gendarmerie in Radzymin), 1950-1952, pp. 342,
- SAL 164 – part I Semeniuk Katrzyna, Adamczuk Jan (in fall 1943, in the village of Brzeziny, the County of Krasnystaw, Mrs. Semeniuk denounced a Jewish woman, some Fajłowa, as hiding in her flat, to the village administrator, named Adamczuk, and he, with the help of the others, led the Jewish woman to the German gendarmes), 1946-1955, k. 250,
- 34 SAL 164 – part II Semeniuk Katrzyna, Adamczuk Jan (in fall 1943, in the village of Brzeziny, the County of Krasnystaw, Mrs. Semeniuk denounced a Jewish woman, some Fajłowa, as hiding in her flat, to the village administrator, named Adamczuk, and he, with the help of the others, led the Jewish woman to the German gendarmes), 1946-1955, k. 250,
- SAL 165 Welo Paulina, Wołowik Paweł, Welo Czesław, Welo Jan (in fall 1943, in the village of R?, the County of Łuków, Czesław Welo seized an unknown Jews and his relative, Paulina announced the deputy village administrator named Wołowik, who ordered Czesła Welo and Jan Welo to escort the Jews to the precinct of German gendarmerie, where she was killed), 1950-1953, pp. 284,

- Szewczuk Bronisława, Turowski Aleksander (in April 1943, in the village of Wólka Putnowiecka, the Wojstawice commune, the County of Chełm, denounced several Jews hiding nearby to Germans – 6 of the Jews were killed by them within the next couple of days), 1949-1957, pp. 253,
- SAL 168
- Tuczek Stanisław, Łapiński Józef (during the German occupation, in the village of Mokrelipie, the County of Zamość, seized two unknown Jews and escorted them to the precinct of the blue police), pp. 160,
- SAL 169
- Gabriel Jan, Podgórski Jan, Wawarzysta Feliks, Gabriel Stefan (on October 28, 1942, in Ruchaczew, the County of Lublin, participated in the seizure of people persecuted for the racial reasons, including several Jews, a/o Rachel Rolengarsten, Mordka Niski, besides, Gabriel seized Edward Pasieczny, who was persecuted because of the escape of forced laborers, to Germans), 1946-1953, pp. 713,
- SAL 170,171,171 II – part I
- 35 SAL 170,171,171 II – part II Gabriel Jan, Podgórski Jan, Wawarzysta Feliks, Gabriel Stefan (on October 28, 1942, in Ruchaczew, the County of Lublin, participated in the seizure of people persecuted for the racial reasons, including several Jews, a/o Rachel Rolengarsten, Mordka Niski, besides, Gabriel seized Edward Pasieczny, who was persecuted because of the escape of forced laborers, to Germans), 1946-1953, pp. 713,
- SAL 173 Dąbrowski Waclaw (during the German occupation, in the village of Zarzec, the County of Łuków, escorted a Jew to the precinct of the German gendarmerie, where he/she was shot), 1949-1965, k. 203,
- SAL 174 – part I Świdorski Józef (during the German occupation in the village of Zarzec, the County of Łuków, denounced several Jews to the German authorities, the Jews were then shot), 1950-1956, pp. 342,
- 36 SAL 174 – part II Świdorski Józef (during the German occupation in the village of Zarzec, the County of Łuków, denounced several Jews to the German authorities, the Jews were then shot), 1950-1956, pp. 342,
- SAL 175 Kozidrak Józef (during 1942-1943, on the way from Markuszew to Nałęczów, killed a Jew and stole the gold of murdered Jews), 1948-1952, pp. 349,
- SAL 177 Mazurek Jan, Jaszak Józef, Ciołek Piotr (in 1941, in Jaślików, the County of Krasnystaw, seized a Jewish woman to the village administrator, and as the result of that, the woman was shot by German gendarmes), 1950-1951, pp. 208,
- Wziętek Ignacy, Tomaszewski Tomasz (during the German occupation,

- SAL 178 in the village of Biała, the County of Radzymin, escorted an unknown Jew to the chief officer of the ward), 1950-1953, pp. 191,
- Sadry Edward, Kopyść Stanisław (in 1942, in Wojcieszów, the County of Łuków, led ... to the communal government), 1949-1951, pp. 201,
- 37 SAL 179 – part I  
SAL 179 – part II Sadry Edward, Kopyść Stanisław (in 1942, in Wojcieszów, the County of Łuków, led ... to the communal government), 1949-1951, pp. 201,
- SAL 180 Gomółka Jan and others (in 1942, in the village of Jaski, the Biała commune, the County of Radzymin, seized a Jew and escorted him to the German gendarmerie), 1950-1954, pp. 154,
- SAL 182 Lanz Alojzy (from October 1942 through March 1944, on the territory of the County of Włodawa, as the officer of Schutzpolizei, participated in the killings of civilians and partisans, participated in the round-ups for hiding Jews and partisans, due to which many people were murdered), 1948-1958, pp. 331,
- 38 SAL 185 – part I  
SAL 185 – part II Heitmayer Willi (in 1943 in Bydzyń, the County of Kraśnik, participated in the killing of prisoners of concentration camps for Jews), 1947-1957, pp. 356,
- SAL 188 Botzenhardt Erwin (from Feb. 5, 1941 to July 20, 1944, in Łuków, as the Oberwachmeister of German gendarmerie, participated in killing and extermination of Jews, in April 1942 participated in the escorting of about 740 Jews to the place of their execution, he also then killed the Jews named Srul Woland, in 1943, in the Farna Street, murdered a Jewish woman, participated in the murder of about 50 Jews in the ghetto, killed the Morawski brothers: Tadeusz and Bolesław, who were persecuted by Germans in fall 1943, and the one Mr. Świnarski), sentenced to death and executed, 1948-1950, pp. 169,
- SAL 189 Fuhrmann Luidpold vel Fuhrmann Leopold (from July 1942 to July 1944, in Włodawa and in the County of Włodawa, as the chief officer of the German gendarmerie, participated in the killings and seizures of partisans and civilians persecuted by German authorities and ordered that his subordinates organize actions against Jews and the prisoners of Sobibór, he also managed the round-ups for partisans and civilians resulting in the killing of an unknown number of people, acted against people seized by his subordinates, the gendarmes by sending them as forced labor to Reich and was confiscating food and valuables, beating and torturing people), sentenced to 5 years in

prison and was deprived of the civil rights for 4 years. 1948-1950, pp. 146,

SAL 190 Schoenemann Heinrich vel Schuenemann, Schwabe Ferdinand (during the German occupation, in the village of Janowka Zachodnia, the Komorów commune, the County of tomaszów, Schoenemann, as the commissioner in chief of the group of villages, and Schwabe, as the commissioner and the village administrator, participated in the murders committed on civilians, killed a Pole in February 1943, besides, Schoenemann killed a Polish woman in the forest near the village of Janówek Zachodni, together with Germans killed an unknown Polish woman and acted against people persecuted for national reasons by sending them to concentration camps, Schoenemann seized several people, a/o Mr. Tadeusz Płoszecki, Zygmunt Nicpoń, whom he sent to Majdanek. Most of them never came back. Schwabe seized Jan Matys and Jan Gradziuk, who perished, besides, Schwabe was persecuting the local workers, was beating local civilians and beat brutally several people there), 1956, 1958, pp. 252,

SAL 191,192 – part I Wagner Hans (in September 1941, in USSR, near the town of Gdów in Kurland, as the chief officer of the German construction army, participated in the murders and seizures of Soviet partisans and civilians or people suspected to be partisans, due to which several partisans were killed and 13 seized; in November 1943, in Poland, participated in murdering the prisoners of the Sobibór death camp, who had participated in the rebellion, in March 1944, near Tarnobrzeg and Sandomierz, participated in the murder of people persecuted by Germans, a/o the pacifications and burning of villages; in April 1944, in the villages of the County of Lublin, a/o in Opalin, was burning houses and other farm buildings), 1944, 1945-1950, pp. 388,

39 SAL 191,192 – part II Wagner Hans (in September 1941, in USSR, near the town of Gdów in Kurland, as the chief officer of the German construction army, participated in the murders and seizures of Soviet partisans and civilians or people suspected to be partisans, due to which several partisans have been killed and 13 seized; in November 1943, in Poland, participated in murdering the prisoners of the Sobibór death camp, who had participated in the rebel, in March 1944, near Tarnobrzeg and Sandomierz, participated in the murder of people persecuted by Germans, a/o the pacifications and burning of villages; in April 1944, in the villages of the County of Lublin, a/o in Opalin, was burning houses and other farm buildings), 1944, 1945-1950, pp. 388,

40-41 SAL 193 T1, 193 T2, 193 T3, 193 T4, Moser Hilmar Hermann, Sporrenberg Jacob (Moser- the general of Wehrmacht and the SS Gruppenfuehrer, and Sporrenberg, on the territory of Poland and Germany from May 8, 1945 as the SS



193 T5, 193  
T6,193 T7,  
193 T 8

Gruppenfuehrer, as the chief officer of SS and police in the Lublin province, during the period from August 1943 to July 1944, participated in the killing on civilians, including women, children and elderly people, together with the chief officer of SD, Dr Putz, executed 535 people, the members of the Polish Resistance, in the framework of the „Erntefest”action on November 3, 1943, participated in the murder of 42,000 Jews and Polish prisoners of war in KL in Poniatowa and KL Trawniki), 1948-1950, pp. 1905,