

RG-50.120 #050 1 Tape  
Greishitzkk, Hanna

- 1.01 She was born in Clug, Romania, on 6/16/26. She was the youngest of 4 sisters. Her father died when she was 1 ½ years old. When she was 2 years old she was taken in by a childless couple and raised in a village. She had frequent contact with her mother and sisters.
- 1.04 Describes life in the village. Population was Hungarian, Jewish, Romanian and Gypsies. She went to school and lived there until age 16, when she went back to the city and learned tricotage [made trico socks].
- 1.14 19<sup>th</sup> of March 1944, the Germans entered the city. Jews had to wear yello star. People were talking but she did not understand what was happening.
- 1.18 Talks about her first love and courtship with Joseph Weil and what happened to him and his family.
- 1.20 20 March '44, the first Jews were taken to ghetto. On the 3<sup>rd</sup> of May she went to the ghetto with her mother and 3 sisters.
- 1.25 Describes life in the ghetto and her lack of understanding of what was happening.
- 1.29 28<sup>th</sup> of May she went on the 2<sup>nd</sup> transport to Auschwitz. She believed she was going to a work camp.
- 1.32 Describes train transport, arrival in Auschwitz and separation from fiancé.
- 1.37 Describes Auschwitz, Selections by Mengele. She was in C camp, Block 25, for 3 weeks.
- 1.40 Describes camp routine, cremation, soap made of people. 32,000 in C Lager.
- 1.46 October, after large selection she is taken to camp Heiniger. Describes life in the camp.
- 1.50 Describes work in the factory and conditions there.
- 1.52 Talks about depression and her wish to die.
- 2.00 Describes camp Heinigen. 500 women put up in a 3 floor building of a Yeshiva. Work in the factory.
- 2.04 Describes sadistic SS guard.

- 2.06 April 1945 the camp was closed, they were marched to trains that took them to Teresien. She describes arrival and first days.
- 2.10 At night the Russians came and liberated them. She was very ill with paratyphus. She was taken care of by Russians.
- 2.13 She took train to Budapest, then Clug and back to the village.
- 2.15 She was liberated the 8<sup>th</sup> of May '45 in Teresien. She had been there one month. Describes life the Teresien, the Russian take over and treatment.
- 2.17 Describes fate of some of the people in her village.
- 2.18 Describes her physical and emotional condition in the present, her inability to sleep thinking about Auschwitz, a suicide attempt.
- 2.28 After the was she went to Hungary, then Austria. She got married, had a daughter, then divorced. She got married again in Israel, had a son and got divorced. Married a third time. Talks about her children and grandchildren.
- 2.35 She know that she is sick, but nobody can help her. The Eichmann trail made her worse.
- 2.47 Describes returning to Romania and what she experienced and felt.
- 2.52 Describes her thought and nightmares about Auschwitz.