

RG-50.120 #0212 Tape 1 of 1
KALAVISKI [should be Kalvariski], EVA

- 1.00 She was born in Kormarno in May 1930. Her father was a pediatrician. She had a younger brother. In 1941 the family converted for political reasons.
- 1.10 Describes Komarno, friends and parents.
- 1.18 In 1944 she started to feel troubled about the situation. Before that she felt secure and oblivious about what was going on. Father died.
- 1.32 1944 was a day of fear for her. Germans entered Komarno and took Jews away, her mother among them.
- 1.47 Describes her emotions and state of mind. She stayed with friends and not with aunt, grandmother and brother.
- 1.51 Order to enter ghetto. She saw it as an adventure, did not understand the meaning of what was happening.
- 2.01 After one month in the ghetto they were moved to a fortress. Describes daily life.
- 2.21 Describes being loaded into cattle trains and the mass hysteria on the train.
- 2.32 Describes arrival and initiation in Auschwitz.
- 2.37 Saw the burning crematorium but could not believe the stories she was told about it.
- 2.41 Describes selection by Mengele. The behavior of people, stealing and trading food.
- 2.54 Describes her 'house mother', Shari, who helped them keep their humanity.
- 2.55 Describes Appels and the fear and humiliation she felt.

3.00 First days in Auschwitz. By train to camp Plaszow near Krakow.
Describes the camp
and her work. Describes kapos.

3.12 Describes seeing POWs shot, how scared she felt and the
psychological damage
resulting from her experience. Talks about the effects of her
experiences on her later
life.

3.28 She reads a poem she wrote. She is currently a poet and performer.

3.39 Relationships between women in the camp.

3.44 Her physical condition.

3.49 Describes the latrines as a center for trading and exchanging
information.

3.55 Hunger in the camp.

There should be more tapes.