

RG-50.120 #0223 1 Tape
ZEHAVI, MIRIAM

- 1.01 She was born Miriam [M] Gluck in 1922 in Santa Maria, Rumania. There were 6 children, 5 sisters and a brother. She was the youngest. Father was a grain merchant. Middle class religious family. Describes family life.
- 1.07 In the 1940s the Hungarians entered. Brother was taken to work camp. Refugees from Poland arrived and warned them, told them to flee but rabbi told them not to. He himself left.
- 1.14 Hungarian antisemitism.
- 1.26 Describes entry of Germans, prohibitions and entry into the ghetto in May 1944. Description of life in ghetto.
- 1.45 Treatment by Hungarians. Suicides and activities of Judenrat.
- 2.01 Transport to 'work camp'. Describes train ride, arrival in Auschwitz, selection by Mengele.
- 2.21 Describes Block 12, accommodations, Blockalteste, food.
- 2.32 Names her four sisters and their relationship.
- 2.50 Describes Yoli the Blockalteste.
- 2.57 Her sister saves her from selection and all five go on transport train to Stutthof. Describes the camp and sadistic kapo Max.
- 3.12 After 2 weeks in Stutthof, they are taken by train to camp Brano. Describes camp organized by the Wehrmacht.
- 3.16 Describes work loading coal trains and later in an underground weapons factory. Talks about sabotage by French and Belgian workers.
- 3.24 She works in the German kitchen and has severe allergic reaction. Treatment by Jewish doctor.
- 3.28 Incidents of stealing among prisoners.
- 3.38 When the Russians approached the Germans escaped and they

were free. They walked to a Polish village and were taken in by a peasant family.

- 3.43 Jewish soldiers in the Red Army protected them from Russian soldiers. Hitch hiked trains to Krakow, then to Lodz and from there to Rumania where the 5 sisters reunited with their brother.
- 3.53 She got married in 1946, had a daughter and went to Israel in 1950. Talks about her adjustment and life in Israel.