```
Q MY NAME IS RENE @@CASIF, AND I'M HERE
1
   TODAY TO INTERVIEW WALTER OBERMEYER WHO IS
   RESIDENT OF SAN FRANCISCO AND THE PRESIDENT OF
3
   TEMPLE BETH ISRAEL JUDEA CONGREGATION. BETH
4
5
    ISRAEL JUDEA CONGREGATION?
               Very good.
6
          A
               WALTER, WOULD YOU PLEASE -- AND TODAY
7
          0
8
    IS MARCH 24TH, 1990. WE'RE IN BERKELEY AT THE
9
   HOME OF ALICE HAMBURG RECORDING THIS INTERVIEW.
   AND I'D LIKE YOU TO CONTINUE OUR INTERVIEW WITH
10
11
   THE MOST IMPORTANT QUESTION. WHERE WERE YOU BORN
   AND -- I'M SORRY.
12
               Rene, I'm very relaxed. I wish I could
13
14
   make the same statement about you.
               I'M FINE.
15
          Q
16
          Α
               Okay.
               I'M GOING TO BEGIN BY ASKING WHERE
17
          Q
    WERE YOU BORN AND THE CONDITIONS OF YOUR
18
19
    CHILDHOOD. I KNOW YOU WERE BORN IN GERMANY, BUT
    tell us exactly. And I know you moved after that,
20
21
    so --
22
          A
               I was born in bath size [OEF/]
23
    [HRUPBDZ/] Germany. And I'm sure that not very
24
   many people know where that is.
25
          Q.
              NORTH RHEINE?
26
               No. It's fairly close to Hanover and
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[SREUL/] is a familiar town or city. And I live there about 17 years. This was a spa which catered to people with respiratory diseases and you drank some water which was a cure all, I presume. And anyway, my -- I was born there and I would say I had a very happy childhood. I lived there for seven years. And my father was a merchant. And we lived in a very nice home, and it was very easy for me and I had good friends there. And this all came to a focus when my father died in 1930. That was before Hitler. And that was a very traumatic experience for me.

After that we moved to Augsburg which

2.2

is Bavaria, and which was a bigger city. And we moved there for the simple reason that my mother's sister lives in Augsburg. And I spent seven years there. And then came to the United States.

Q AND WE HAVE A LOT MORE STORY IN

BETWEEN, I THINK, ABOUT -- I CAN IMAGINE THAT

THERE IS A LOT MORE ABOUT YOUR LATTER SEVEN YEARS

THAT YOU MIGHT LIKE TO TELL US ABOUT. THE -
MAYBE THE JUDISH COMMUNITY. THE KINDS OF FRIENDS

YOU HAD. WERE THEY -- THE FEELINGS AND --

A Okay. I tell you, are you speaking about the friends I've had.

O YES.

A I might again speak about where I was born. I'd a very, very good friend there and after Hitler came to power and came back there every once in a while because my father's family was there. He wouldn't recognize me. I mean, we we were very, very good friends.

O HE WAS NOT JEWISH?

A He was not Jewish, no. There were not very many Jews in both [SAUFL/] okay lands. And you wasn't to talk about Augsburg.

Q NO. BUT THIS IS JUST, WHAT YOU JUST SAID, WAS WHAT I WAS HOPING YOU WOULD GIVE US A FEELING OF, THE COMFORT, THE LACK OF COMFORT, THE TIME WHEN YOU FELT A CHANGE.

A Well, I remember when Hitler took over in 1932 and my mother and I lived in Augsburg. I was going to school, of course. And at the reorganize [TPHAUS/] [KWRUPL/] and I remember the first strong troopers, the people in brown shirts marching through there.

O WHAT WERE YOUR FEELINGS THEN?

A I should also again -- I should refer back again.

Q WE KNOW THOSE SYMBOLS, BUT CAN YOU TRY
TO TELL US WHAT YOUR FEELINGS WERE?

Α Yeah. I will in a minute. 1 Again, I want to refer to bought shuts 2 Oakland. 3 0 YES. 4 5 Α I remember one day we were standing on our porch. My father and my mother and I, and a 6 7 troop of brown shirts marched by. My father got 8 terribly upset at the time. But that was my first experience with the Nazis And I might -- might 9 10 have been 12 years old -- no, I was less. I was 11 maybe nine years old. 12 But then again in Augsburg then when 13 Hitler came about, of course a big change took 14 place. And what amazes me really is that the 15 adults, Jewish adults at the time didn't realize 16 what was happening. And they were hoping or 17 expecting, or whatever, that this whole thing was 18 going to blow over and nothing was going to 19 happen, and it was going to return to the old 20 times, which even as a child, I couldn't see. 21 So -- and --22 Q WHAT WAS IT LIKE IN THE SCHOOL WITH 23 THE --24 Α Yes. 2.5 WERE YOU GETTING THAT MESSAGE VERY 26 STRONG IN SCHOOL?

again I had good friends who invited me still to come over to their place. I wouldn't go so -because I felt I shouldn't endanger their life or
their position. And I didn't do it. And I also
didn't participate in hiring [HAOEULG/] or singing
the German national anthem be it [TKOER/] shun
[TKER/] [WAUS/] or the Nazi national anthem the
horse west he will detective.

And I was on the high school soccer team. I dropped out, on my own volition. And I took a stand, which when I look back on it now probably was very dumb. But I'm -- I'm glad I did, because I -- it could have really cost me my life when it comes right down to it. I remember they used to sell during the wintertime these various objects to raise money except for the poor, and I'm sure it went for the Army rather than -- maybe [SOF/] it went for the poor. And when they approached me, I told them I was Jewish. I mean, I mean, I look back on it and I'm not too sure whether that was so smart.

- Q YOU WANTED TO HIDE THEN PROFILE?
- A Well, yeah, maybe probably. Yeah.
- Q I'M NOT SURE I HEARD THAT BEFORE.
- 26 BEFORE THEY TRIED TO --

A But, you know, I found it interesting in school that the fellow students respected me a lot more than -- I remember there was another Jewish fellow there we used to tag along with the Natzi line or whatever, and I -- I think I -- I earned their respect by being the way I was. So it --

1.6

2.5

Q HOW BIG DO YOU THINK THE JEWISH

COMMUNITY WAS IN @AUGSBURG AT THAT TIME OR YOUR --

A Approximately -- well, we only -- we had one main synagogue there which was very beautiful. And has been restored. Maybe we had 500 families. In the suburb there was a -- I think an orthodox synagogue. There was an treats harbor, I believe. I don't know. I've -- I had never went to this one. Although I would say that speaking about what kind of synagogue did we have, it was -- I think it was more orthodox than anything else. For example, New Year's, Rosh Hashanah and Yom Kippur, people stood -- men -- I'm sure women did too. They stood -- they were upstairs, of course.

They -- they stood through the entire day. There was no break in services at all. It was amazing. And the rabbi too, of course.

Q YOU HAD A JEWISH EDUCATION?

Α Well, sure, we -- you know, part of --1 2 since you didn't have separation of church and state in Germany, part of the curriculum was 3 religion. And the Jews were in one place and the 4 Catholics were in another place and the 5 Protestants went somewhere else for religious 6 school. And --7 NOW, HOW LONG COULD THAT TAKE? 8 COURSE, THAT WASN'T REALLY SANCTIONED BY THE --9 As far as I -- it continued until I 10 11 left, and I left in 1937. I don't know what 12 happened after 1937. So -- but I would say I 13 learned my basics of Judaism in religious school. And I think I was good because I think it's 14 15 important. I also was bar mitsvahed in @Augsburg. SO WHEN YOU SAID YOU SAW THAT FIRST 16 17 TIME IN THE BROWN SHIRTS, WAS THAT THE FIRST 18 MOMENT OF FEAR, THAT FIRST TIME THEY WALKED 19 THROUGH? I MEAN THE REAL FEAR FOR YOUR LIFE? 20 OR --21 To be perfectly honest with you, I was Α 22 too dumb to fear, really. I didn't fear. 23 BUT IN LOOKING BACK, DO YOU FEEL THAT 0 24 WAS THE TIME THAT --25 Α Looking back on it, I shouted really 26 what I did was really not very bright.

1 0 TELL US SOMETHING ABOUT THE 2 CIRCUMSTANCES THAT LED TO YOUR -- TO YOUR EVACUATION LEAVING, WHATEVER AND --3 Well, I must give full credit here to Α 4 Because I came via children's 5 my mother. 6 transport. And she made application and she 7 knew --WHO DID SHE APPLY TO? 8 0 9 Α The highest. 10 NOT JUST --0 11 Yeah. Sure. I never did find out who Α 12 sponsored me. I have no idea. I -- again, I -- I 13 was going to say I want to give my mother full credit, because there was a sacrifice for her. 1 4 15 She knew she could not go with me, you see. 16 but she applied, and I was fortunate enough to --17 1937 to be able to go via Children's World Transport to San Francisco, via New York. 18 19 DID YOU HAVE ANY BROTHERS OR SISTERS? 20 Α No. I did not have any brothers or 21 sisters, which was lucky, really. Because there 22 would have been more worse for my mother to get everybody out. You know. 23 WHAT ABOUT YOUR MOTHER? 24 25 A My mother came in -- was able finally

And,

to leave in 1938 after crystal [HRAL/].

however --1 DO YOU KNOW HOW SHE ARRANGED IT? 2 Via a visa, which was given by my 3 foster parents here. 4 ALL OF THESE THINGS SOUNDS LIKE 5 0 WONDERFUL STORIES, THOUGH. LITTLE DETAILS. 6 7 LIKE TO KNOW MORE ABOUT THE FOSTER PARENTS HERE AND MAYBE SOMETHING ABOUT THE TRIP OVER, THE OTHER CHILDREN WITH YOU. 9 10 Α All right. I was going to say 11 something else now. 12 0 NO. YOU TAKE THIS -- AND I'LL TRY TO -- I'M SORRY. SORRY. 13 14 Α That's perfectly all right. 15 Well, anyway after 1937 fortunately --16 oh, yes. We were talking about my mother. 17 YOUR MOTHER? Q 18 Α That's right. She left in 1938. The 19 sad thing there was she got on the boat all 20 right. She got sick on the boat and died into New York. Of but anyway --2.1 22 Q WHAT DID SHE DIE OF? 23 Α She was in a coma. She had diabetes. 24 I SEE. 0 25 Α And I'm sure all the excitement that 26 was going on in Germany didn't help her. Now, you

say you'd like to know --

Q WELL, THE -- YOU SAY, YOU KNOW, YOU KNOW, YOU WERE ON A CHILDREN'S TRANSPORT, BUT

A There wasn't a -- if you think there were a bunch of kids, it sounds -- there were maybe -- there were maybe 14 Jewish kids.

Q 14. HOW MANY DO YOU THINK WANTED TO BE ON THERE? DO YOU KNOW?

A I would have been foolish in my mind anyway.

Being able to get out and stay there would -- we would have been like committing suicide in my mind anyway. Other people are wrong.

Q I WAS THINKING OF HOW MANY MORE PEOPLE,
HOW MANY MORE CHILDREN DO YOU THINK WOULD HAVE
WANTED TO BE ON THAT TRANSPORT.

know, I had a cousin who got out to England and my uncle's son. We lived in bar [SAUTS/] [AUF/] land buy father's brother and for some. I don't know why he came back, can you imagine that? After he'd gotten out he came back, and the whole -- everybody ended up in concentration camps. I can't believe it. But, you know, like another

uncle in -- again in the same area who in 1937 built a new house. I can't -- I just can't believe those things. But anyway he did it. AN OPTIMISTIC PERSON? I don't know whether you call it optimistic. AND SO THIS IS MAINLY YOUR FATHER'S FAMILY THAT YOU KNOW ABOUT THAT WENT TO THE CAMPS? Well, my mother family -- my mother had a sister who lived in -- who got out in maybe '36 to San Francisco. WELL, LET'S -- SOME OF THE THINGS I WAS TRYING TO FIND OUT THAT THE AMOUNT OF FAMILY THAT YOU HAD AND WHERE THEY WENT. Α As far as I know, I have a cousin in New York, and that's the end of it really. I don't know where anybody -- most people died in concentration camps. Some people got out and died in the meantime. I don't know. I can't tell you. And I had another uncle who -- again from my father's -- my father's side -- there were eight brothers and sisters. My mother's side were only two. DO YOU HAVE ANY RECOLLECTION IN

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THERE

THE NONJEWISH PEOPLE WHO MIGHT LENT A HAND?

AUGSBURG ABOUT THE NEIGHBORS, ANYONE HELPING YOU,

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WAS A HIGH [AUS/] WAS YOUR LIFE LINE?
1
 2
               Lend a hand in what respect?
               WELL, THEY WEREN'T FACILITATING YOUR
 3
          Q
    LEAVING --
 4
 5
          Α
               No.
               -- IT WASN'T ANYTHING LIKE THAT?
 6
          O
 7
               No. It's -- I don't know how they
          Α
 8
    really helped.
                   I mean --
 9
               NO, I DIDN'T SAY THEY DID. I WAS JUST
10
    ASKING WAS ANYONE LIKE THAT?
11
               I'm sure there were, but like I told
          Α
12
    you, I really refused when it come right down to
13
    it, for whatever I did, because I didn't want to
14
    endanger their lives.
15
          Α
               You know.
16
               DID YOU GO WILLINGLY?
          0
17
          Α
               Yes.
18
               DID YOU WANT TO LEAVE WHEN IT WAS TIME
          Q
19
   TO GO?
20
               I mean -- I hate to -- of course leave
21
    my mother, but I mean it didn't make sense.
22
    mean, I was only 14. Children had more aware than
23
    grownups. I think also the reason why many of the
24
    grownups had difficulties leaving in my mind is
25
    that some of them were very wealthy. I'm sure it
26
    was difficult for them to part with their
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1 physical --THE HOUSE AND THE --2 3 Α Yeah. -- THE PROPERTY? 4 0 That's right. So especially if -- they 5 Α could take -- nobody could take anything out in 6 7 1937. They would have had to start all over again in the United States or wherever they go. 8 9 SOMETHING THAT'S EASIER IN HINDSIGHT, RIGHT? 10 11 Α Yeah. 12 0 TO IMAGINE? Right, but I'm just saying, I think we 13 Α 14 all -- I think we are all interested in staying 15 alive. YES, I'M SURE. 16 Q 17 WHAT ABOUT -- I'M GOING BACK AND FORTH 18 WITH YOU, BUT I'M CURIOUS ABOUT YOU COMING OFF ON YOUR NEW ADVENTURE, YOU KNOW, YOU'RE FLEEING FOR 19 2 0 YOUR LIFE BUT YOU'RE ON THIS SHIP WITH ABOUT 13, 2 1 14 OTHER JEWISH KIDS. 22 Α Yes. 23 0 WHAT KIND OF SHIP WAS IT? WHERE DID 24 YOU GET THE SHIP? 25 Α Got the ship in [PWRAEU/] [PHA/] half 26 [convenience|convenient], and it was a liner, SS

Berlin, German, German liner. And we didn't have 1 any difficulties on the boat, as far as I 2 remember, anyway. Except I was terribly seasick. 3 0 THAT WAS ENOUGH FOR YOUR PREOCCUPATION. 4 AND WHERE DID YOU LAND? 5 6 Α New York. And I stayed maybe in New 7 York for a couple days. DID YOU SPEAK ENGLISH? 8 0 HOW WAS THAT? 9 No. It was terrible. I mean, it 10 wasn't all that terrible, but it was terrible. 11 think it -- we must have facilitated to a degree 12 that my aunt's husband had a sister there who --13 with whom I stayed for a couple days and they had 14 a couple of daughters, they schlepped me all over 15 New York. And I never forget it. I came one day to Columbus, October 11th. 16 17 AND A FEW YEARS LATER? Q 18 Α Yes. And I know -- I remember they had 19 -- I was -- I tell you it was a -- an overwhelming 20 experience. Number one is I remember we drove in 21 a taxi and they had a plastic bubble on top. And 22 I never seen anything like it. A radio in the 23 We didn't have a radio in a car in Europe. 24 DID YOU HAVE A CAR? 0 25 Α Yes. And -- no, we -- we did not have 26 a car after we left bar [SHUS/] [OUF/] land. No,

we did not. 1 But in bar saws [OUF/] land we did And --2 have a car. 3 0 SO YOU ---- the sky scrapers. 4 Α 5 DID YOU SEE THE BUILDINGS? 0 6 Α It's amazing you know. You think the 7 whole thing will collapse on you or something. 8 And I forget what they call it. They used to have 9 cafeterias there and sort of fast food. I think 10 they called it auto baths. 11 LIKE CORN DOGS? 0 1 2 You put in a dime or 25 cents and you 13 got a hamburger already done for you. 14 remember they were testing Central Park. 15 were testing, I quess, anyway going to have a big 16 deal on October 11th, you know, one, two, three, four testing, you know. That's the only thing I 17 18 understood maybe. 19 YOUR FIRST --0 20 Α My first few English words. 21 THAT WAS YOUR BEGINNING? 0 22 Α Yeah. And Rockefeller Center, I 23 remember. 24 SO YOU WERE A TOURIST WHEN YOU ARRIVED? 25 Α Yeah. Then we took the train. 26 also overwhelming experience.

THE SUBWAY, YOU MEAN? 1 0 I'm talking about the train from 2 Α No. New York to San Francisco. 3 OH, YOU CAME IMMEDIATELY TO SAN 4 5 FRANCISCO. Α Yeah. 6 I SEE. I DIDN'T KNOW THAT. 7 8 And basically that was my first close 9 contact with Blacks. I never -- you know, I'd 10 never seen any Blacks in Europe, except on Shirley Temple movies, Shirley Temple movies, you know. 11 12 And big pearly white teeth. It was -- it was an 13 experience. And lots of experiences, really. 1 4 WHEN YOU WERE TAKING THAT TRIP, YOU'RE 15 TALKING ABOUT THE PORTERS? 16 Α Yes. That's right. NOT THE PASSENGERS? 17 Q 18 Not the passengers. There weren't any 19 Black passengers as far as I remember at that 20 time. We probably don't think to be sometimes 21 fear that the Blacks have not made a lot of 22 progress, but they have, really. I mean, there's 23 a lot of room yet for improvement, but I mean, 24 there's a vast difference. NOW, WHO DID YOU TRAVEL WITH FROM THE 25 26 TRAIN AND YOU CAME OVER. BY YOURSELF OR --

A No. With the other kids. Some of them got off at Denver and someplace else. And we have a lady, woman, who was in charge of us, and I -- otherwise we would have been up a creek. We wouldn't have been able to communicate.

Q DO YOU EVER HAVE REUNIONS WITH THESE PEOPLE?

A No. I don't remember where anybody is anymore, to be perfectly honest with you.

Q WELL, I AM EAGER TO KNOW ALSO WHAT KIND
OF LIFE YOU HAD WHEN YOU GOT TO SAN FRANCISCO AND
WHO WAS YOUR NEW FAMILY?

A Well --

Q YOU KNOW, IN YOUR COMMUNITY?

A Fine. I was very lucky. I was really fortunate, because I was put into a family which was very, very good to me. As a matter of fact, I'm still in contact with them. And whoever is alive, you know, my foster parents have passed away in the meantime. They were in their '50s when they took me in. They had three children, grown, expecting -- in other words, they were grand -- up and coming grandparents at that time. You see. They took me in. And they -- they were exceptional.

Q THIS WAS THE FOSTER FAMILY?

Α Exceptionally nice people who incidentally hail from Romania. And came just before the big earthquake in 1906. And they told me all about it. They lived in the Golden Gate Park or someplace. CAMPING? 0 Α Yeah. At that time the city really was destroyed. You know. And what's also interesting is there were members of congregation Beth Israel. Isn't that interesting? YES. WELL, SOUNDS LIKE YOU HAVE A Q LOYALTY THERE THAT GOES BACK. I don't know whether there's a loyalty. You know, it's interesting when we came -- We lived in Marin County. And when the kids had flown the coop, so to speak, we moved back to San Francisco. And we went to all synagogues and temples to see which -- to which synagogue we wanted to belong. And we hadn't been in Beth Israel today it was out of Brotherhood Way. We live on the other end as you know, other end of town. YES. THAT'S NOT THE EASY WAY? 0 Α Yeah. But it's easy. It's maybe 15,

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20 minutes. And we -- we didn't like the other --

temples or synagogues and we went to Beth Israel

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Judea and liked it a great deal.
 1
               I THINK WE SKIPPED A LOT OF TIME AND
 2
 3
    TERRITORY HERETO.
          Α
               Yeah. Where would you like me to
 4
    continue?
 5
               WHERE? LET'S SEE. I THINK THE FRIENDS
 6
          Q
 7
    YOU MADE WHEN YOU WERE FIRST ARRIVED IN SAN
    FRANCISCO, THE SCHOOLING, THE EVENTUAL -- YOUR
 8
    EDUCATION, YOUR FRIENDS, YOUR --
 9
10
               All right.
11
               YOU HAD THIS OPTIMISTIC OUTLOOK.
          0
                                                   Ι
12
    MEAN, I'M NOT SEEING YOU AS A PERSON WHO'S HELD
1.3
    DOWN BY YOUR PAST.
               That's correct.
14
          Α
15
          Q
               NOT -- I CAN SEE THAT?
16
          Α
               I mean, it doesn't help you.
17
               NO.
          Q
               I don't think.
18
          Α
19
               SO WHEN YOU MOVED TO SAN FRANCISCO,
20
    WHAT SCHOOL DID YOU GO TO?
21
          Α
               Okay. I went to Precidio Junior High
2 2
    School.
            Had -- my study about -- one of my fishes
    experiences at junior high school not being able
2 3
24
    to speak English was really -- not traumatic, but
25
    it was difficult. I tell you I didn't have any
26
    time in -- any difficulties in math, for example,
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because I was basically where as I was put back.

I started in a low seven. That was okay. I

couldn't speak English, you know. And I tell you

the only trouble I had basically was in English

and social science. I drew pictures in social

science. I took them out of the book, you know,

because I couldn't do anything.

And in English I remember my first spelling test work I just @marvelous really. I only spelled one word wrong I remember and that was "honey" and I spelled it H-U instead of H-O, but anyway.

Q REAL PHONETIC?

2 1

A The teacher was absolutely amazed that I would do as well as I did.

Q YOU WEREN'T IN A ROLL THAT ANY ENGLISH

AS A SECOND LANGUAGE PROGRAM?

A No. No, no. But I tell you in the -basically in the difference was that I wanted to
speak English. And that I wanted to be an
American. And maybe today the various ethnic
groups believe in holding on to their identities,
you see, which might be all right.

Q SO HOW LONG DO YOU THINK IT CAME TO GAIN YOUR FACILITY WITH ENGLISH?

A But I do want to tell you before that

the real interesting experience I had at Precidio Junior High School. I was assigned to -- well, they made out my program, although, you know, we had lots of electives, and in Germany you -- I didn't have any electives. You took whatever you were supposed to take.

O NO CHOICE?

A No choice. The only choice you had what school you went to, actually.

And I could talk about that in detail, but I don't think it's necessary.

Q WHAT ELECTIVES DID YOU CHOOSE AT THE PRECIDIO JUNIOR HIGH?

don't know whether I chose many really, but -- the first time around. Anyway, this music room, the -- there's -- Precidio Junior High School was sort of a U-shaped affair. And this music room was in a connecting ramp, so to speak, or whatever, building, they connected the other two sides. And I just couldn't find the music room. I have ran all over the damn place, excuse my language, and I couldn't ask anybody. So and there was another fellow who had also come with me, so we finally ended up in the girl's shower room.

Q WELL, I'M GOING TO BELIEVE THAT --

A And the teacher came screaming at us and we were very fortunate she knew how to speak German. So anyway --

1.4

2 1

Q SHE UNDERSTOOD IT WAS YOUR LANGUAGE PROBLEM?

A But of course. Anyway, so it would be -- we had our way to the music -- it was funny we look -- I look back on it. At the time it wasn't all that funny.

And basically, you know, I would say -speaking about schooling, that schooling in Europe
was in an elementary schools, public schools -elementary schools, I would say, it was a lot
better than it was here. I knew a lot more in
most instances like in math. And they realized
that and from the low seven they put me in the
high 99 @nine and so -- so I didn't lose any time,
but it really was -- it was a very interesting
experience. And English came about -- you pick it
up. You hear English all day long and you want to
communicate you have to so you have no choice.
You didn't have any choice, really, you know.

So that wasn't -- and from there I went to Washington High School, which is more or less an open as far as that time, which it was an excellent school. And I might say that Lana

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Turner was one of our cheerleaders before she went
 1
   to bigger and better places.
 2
               I COULD SEE THAT YOU'RE AN AMERICAN?
 3
          Α
               In Hollywood, you see. You see?
 4
 5
               And I had certain difficulties, for
    example, I remember in U.S. history I was on a
 6
 7
   debate and it was terrible. I mean I --
 8
               WHAT WAS TERRIBLE ABOUT IT?
          0
 9
          Α
               Because --
              YOU DIDN'T DEBATE --
10
          0
               Because I was so -- I was so worried at
11
          A
   the time.
12
13
          Q
               YOU SOUND --
14
               My accent, you know. And we were --
15
    incidentally we were debating --
               I THOUGHT YOU WERE REFERRING TO THE
16
          0
   CONTENT?
17
18
               No. We were debating on immigration
   which fit me rather well. Anyway, but I was
19
20
    terribly worried about how I would come across
21
   and --
22
          Q
               SELF-CONSCIOUS?
23
          Α
               Oh, terrible, right. Terribly.
24
               YOU THOUGHT THE CLASSMATES WERE VERY --
          0
25
   NOT UNDERSTANDING?
26
               Maybe -- well, you had all sorts of
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feelings, you know. Which I -- are really dumb, 1 but anyway, I did have it. 2 WELL, THERE WAS THIS -- YOU WERE A VERY 3 AWARE YOUNG MAN, I'M SURE, WHEN YOU WERE IN 4 GERMANY AS WELL AS SAN FRANCISCO WHEN THE FEELING 5 OF ANTISEMITISM IN BOTH PLACES MUST -- WAS IT 6 7 THERE? WAS IT NOT THERE, TO WHAT DEGREE DID YOU FEEL IT? 8 9 Α I didn't feel it all that much here, 10 but I might certainly in Europe. 11 Q YES. 12 Α I mean, we're not talking about that, 13 I'm sure. WELL, IT'S DIFFICULT. 14 15 Α Incidentally referring back to Europe, 16 I was as close to Hitler as I am to you. 17 WE HAVE MISSED SOMETHING. TELL US Q 18 ABOUT THAT. 19 Α Hitler decided to appear in Augsburg 20 one day. And he was at the city hall and 21 thousands of people milled around in the plaza in 22 front of the city hall. And I was there with a 23 fellow Gentile, student. And everybody was going 24 heil I didn't do it, and they says you better go 25 heil so I heil a little bit also. Then he says 26 inks east come down such and such a street, why

don't we go over there before even else rushes 1 2 over there. And we went over there and sure enough he came in his Mercedes with that open 3 Mercedes that he had. And -- and the guy looked 4 like a gangster, really. Really like a gangster, 5 6 you know sullen look on him and that trench coat and sinister. And --7 A FOREIGN OBJECT IN YOUR COMMUNITY? 8 9 Α A foreign object. I mean, he was -- he was a well-known object in the community. 10 11 OH, I KNOW. Q 12 But I'm just saying he looked like a Α 13 bum, really, which he was of course. He was worse than a bum. He looked like a gangster. 1.4 HOW DO YOU THINK THE PEOPLE AROUND 15 Q YOU --16 17 The people around me went crazy. They Α 18 went crazy, believe me. 19 HE WAS A HERO? 20 Α They went absolutely Madera. Women through flowers and -- you know, I like to make 21 22 this statement. The German people were behind 23 Hitler 99.9 percent. 24 WELL, LET'S NOT WASTE TOO MUCH TIME ON 0 25 ALL THAT, BECAUSE -- I DON'T MEAN WE'RE WASTING

ANY TIME, BUT I WANT TO -- I THINK IT'S

1 APPROPRIATE FOR US TO GET TO YOUR ARMY DAYS. 2 KNOW YOU WERE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY. Yes, I was in the United States Army. 3 Q AND TO HEAR SOMETHING OF THAT, BUT ALSO 4 TO HAVE YOUR FEELINGS SINCE THIS IS THE YEAR 5 6 THEY'RE TALKING ABOUT REUNIFYING GERMANY. I THINK WE SHOULD HAVE TIME TO TALK ABOUT THAT TOO. 7 8 Α Okay. 9 BECAUSE YOUR FEELINGS ABOUT THAT ARE VERY IMPORTANT TO ME. 10 11 So where would you like me to start? Α WELL, WE CAN EITHER GO BACK AND DO THIS 12 O CHRONOLOGICALLY, TELL US ABOUT YOUR LIFE UNTIL THE 13 PRESENT, OR WE CAN GO RIGHT INTO THAT SUBJECT 14 SINCE YOU'RE FEELING STRONGLY ABOUT HITLER RIGHT 15 16 NOW. 17 You mean the reunification. Α 18 YES, THE WHOLE SUBJECT AS IT'S COME UP 19 AND THE QUICKNESS THAT -- THE SPEED WITH WHICH 20 THEY SEEM TO WANT TO MOVE. 21 Well, we are certainly living in 22 interesting times. Nobody would have expected --23 suspected a year ago what's happened today in the 24 eastern block. 25 Q. RIGHT.

Or that even -- or that the Wall was

26

Α

going to come down. I like to preface my remarks by saying that last year my wife and I were for the first time in Germany. In other words, there had been a lapse of time of 52 years, and we were coming from Paris and I had made up my mind if there was going to be any problem, I was going to take the next train back to Paris. But we went to bar [SOTS/] [AUBG/] land and I was surprised. I find that -- and I'm -- and I -- I feel that I cannot hold the younger generation responsible for what their parents have done. And I was amazed what I did find in Germany.

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2.4

I know one teacher, for example, sent out his students to ask older people on the street what they had done during the time of Hitler and how they had believed. A lot of them didn't want to answer, but -- the future is not with those people in my mind. The future is with the young generation. And --

Q WERE YOU VISITING SCHOOLS? WERE YOU ON SOME SORT OF A PLANNED PROGRAM OR WERE YOU JUST TALKING TO PEOPLE?

A We went back on an invitation from my home town. And it was also the [SRAOEU/] -- 500ths.

Q WAS IT A CHURCH GROUP?

A No, it was the City.

Q THE CITY?

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Yeah. The City had done that and they Α were 20 people who responded to this. I mean, the community -- Jewish community in bar [THAUTS/] [AUBG/] land was very small. So -- but they really bent over backwards to make us comfortable. As a matter of fact, in one of the auditoriums at the park, at the -- where they dispense all the waters or whatever, which is very -- sort of very lovely, got a small lake there and it hasn't changed all that much. They had invited a Jewish singing group from Amsterdam to perform one evening, amongst other things. That was -and like I say, I -- I felt that the younger generation studying with the students wanted to change this.

Incidentally, I also found something very interesting there: We -- I wanted to go back to my school that I had attended there, and nobody wanted to stop there. I couldn't -- we couldn't figure out why.

So anyway, my wife and I went on -went to the school on our own. And I don't know
where they -- you're familiar with it, but the
birth rate in Germany is a negative birth rate.

1 In other words, we have less kids all the time. 2 And they have a surplus of schools, so what they 3 had done as we found out, they are using -- the particular school that I went to as a home for the 4 5 homeless. And I think that was very smart. THAT'S VERY NICE. 6 0 7 Α And then we talked to some person there 8 who had come from Eastern Germany who now lived in bar [SAULTS/] [AUBG/] [HRAUPBD/] and is getting 9 10 started. I don't know where she lives now. that school. 11 IT WAS LIKE A RECEPTION CENTER? 12 О 13 Α If you want to call it that. Yeah. 1 4 FOR RESETTLING? 0 15 Α I think that's -- I think that's a good 16 idea. Of course, you don't see any people on the 17 street, you see. Come in. In the bigger cities 18 you do too, not in that small city. 19 SO YOU VISITED OTHER CITIES IN THAT --20 Α Yes, I went to Augsburg. These were in 21 week [inches | instance] [PWAUBG/] -- we were with 22 Augsburg and we had come from Paris. So anyway --23 SO WERE YOU GLAD WHEN YOU LEFT OR WERE 24 YOU -- WAS IT GOOD TO BE THERE? DID YOU HAVE 25 ANY --

We were pleasantly surprised.

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Α

YOU FELT MORE COMFORTABLE THAN YOU 1 Q EXPECTED? 2 Exactly. If you don't have -- if you 3 don't anticipate too much, you're better off. And 4 I did not anticipate anything, really, so --5 6 0 BUT NO -- MEMBER OF YOUR VERY CLOSE FAMILY WAS REALLY TAKEN OFF BEFORE YOUR EYES 7 AND --8 9 No. We didn't have anybody left in Augsburg, you see. My aunt had left, and there 10 11 was nobody else. So everybody else was in bar 12 [SAULTS/] [AUF/] [HRAUPBLDZ/] and a lot of people 13 there went to concentration camps and died. 14 SO HOW DO YOU THINK THE -- THIS NEW GERMANY -- THE NEW GERMANIES ARE ABLE TO COPE WITH 15 16 REUNIFICATION? 17 Α I don't have as many of a problem there 18 as a lot of people have. I think. And simply 19 because of the European community. I feel that 20 Europe will somehow, some way all of Europe, that 21 is, United States state of Europe. I'm sure 22 you're familiar what's happened. 23 0 YES. 24 Α Within the Jewish -- within the 25 Jewish --26 EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY? 0

have the same monetary unit, English is supposed to be the language. So I don't see what all the big difference is whether Germany is united now or whether it's going to be united under the European community, economic community. I think it comes out about the same way.

Q YOU DON'T FEAR NATIONALISM IN -- I just
HEARD SAYING --

A He feels.

Q -- HE FEARS GERMAN NATIONALISM, PERIOD?

A However, let me add one idea, and that is we have to be very vigilant. And by "we" I mean France, England, the United States and Russia that what happened before does not happen again.

You see. Because in my mind and everybody else's, if -- if France and England would have stepped in there when -- when Hitler went into the Rheine land, that would have been the end of Hitler. But instead -- I don't have to tell you all the stories including chamber land [peace|piece] in our time, et cetera. It's ridiculous. But we -- it's like anything else. Like you and I, nations, have to face problems, problems don't slide by.

Q DO YOU FEEL THAT THEY HAVE EMERGED AS A DIFFERENT COUNTRY?

Certainly -- a democracy was an unknown Α 1 factor in Germany, in -- I would say in most of 2 Europe, except for England and France where --3 where do you find democracy? Until just now. 4 Certainly not in the ball cast. Certainly not in 5 the Austria -- what was it? Hungarian empire. 6 THE HUNGARIAN EMPIRE? 7 Certainly you don't have any democracy, Α 8 or Germany never had any democracy. Most of these 9 nations didn't come about until the 19th century. 10 IT WOULD BE DIFFICULT FOR THIS --11 0 Germany didn't come about until 1871. 12 Α 13 SO YOU THINK IT WOULD BE MORE difficult Q for this dictator or military regime to emerge 14 15 now? 16 Α Now. IT WAS TOO MUCH --17 0 I would say it was easier for Hitler. 18 Α Number one, the economic situation was bad, and 19 20 the German people at that time, I feel, were 2.1 easily led. I think the --YOU WOULDN'T DESCRIBE THEM THAT WAY 22 2.3 NOW? 2 4 Α I hope not. 25 YES? Q 26 I don't think so, but like I say, we Α 33

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have to be vigilant. I think in -- in 19 there
 1
 2
    again even before when Hitler got -- finally got
 3
    to power, the Germans were -- if you give them a
    band and a uniform and have them march, they liked
 4
    that, and told them what to do, you know.
 5
    they had --
 6
 7
          0
               IT WAS BETTER THAN THEY HAD?
          Α
               Yeah.
 8
 9
               HOW ABOUT -- I THINK WE OUGHT TO GET A
    LITTLE MORE BACKGROUND ON YOUR LIFE SINCE THAT
10
    BOYHOOD. I THINK WE -- WE HAVE -- THERE'S A LOT
11
12
    MORE TO LEARN ABOUT YOU.
13
               AFTER -- LET'S SEE. HIGH SCHOOL --
14
          Α
               High school, yes.
15
               YES.
          0
16
          Α
               High school. Okay. After high school?
               NO.
17
          Q
               Why not after high school?
18
          Α
19
               IT'S UP TO YOU. THIS IS UP TO YOU.
          Q
                                                      IF
20
    YOU HAVE SOMETHING YOU WANT TO TELL US ABOUT HIGH
2 1
    SCHOOL, WE'D LOVE TO HEAR YOU. YOU FELT YOU HAD
22
    GOT ALONG WELL WITH YOUR CLASSMATES BY THEN?
23
          Α
               Yes.
24
          Q
               YOUR LANGUAGE PROBLEM HAD DISAPPEARED
25
    MORE OR LESS?
26
          Α
               My accent was --
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I TOLD YOU IT WAS BETTER THAN
 1
          0
    @@KISSINGER'S?
 2
               And that makes me feel good
 3
    immediately.
 4
 5
               Speaking about friends, you know, I
    have friends who -- friendships that I made then I
 6
    have now. And I think that's marvelous, because
 7
 8
    it doesn't happen so much. And --
 9
          Q
               WHERE DID YOU MEET YOUR WIFE?
               Some -- I would say on the tennis
10
    courts.
11
               THAT WAS AFTER HIGH SCHOOL OR --
12
          0
13
          Α
               After -- after --
14
               WAY AFTER. OKAY. ALL RIGHT. I DON'T
15
    WANT TO SKIP --
               Not all that far, but -- but I mean
16
          Α
    considerably after, because in -- in the meantime,
17
18
    I was in the Army which -- to which you alluded a
19
    minute ago.
20
          0
               RIGHT. RIGHT. OH, THAT'S THE PART I
    WOULD LIKE TO HEAR ABOUT.
21
22
          Α
               And then he was at the University of
23
    California.
24
               IN THAT ORDER?
          0
               Yeah. In that order.
25
          Α
26
               HOW ABOUT YOUR ARMY EXPERIENCE?
          0
                                                    35
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Α We'll get the Army experience. 1 2 Q THAT I WANT TO GET OUT. 3 I couldn't join the Army, which I wanted to, because I wasn't a citizen, you see. 4 5 lot of kids became citizens because of their 6 parents became citizens, but since I didn't have 7 any parents yet so, therefore, I did not become a 8 citizen until I got in the Army. And I -- as a 9 matter of fact, I was an enemy alien, which meant 10 I had to be home at 8:00 o'clock at night and so 11 on. But I can't understand that. 12 THIS IS DURING YOUR -- DURING YOUR Q 13 SCHOOL YEARS YOU'RE TALKING ABOUT? 14 Α No. I'm talking about I was already 15 out of school then. 16 0 YES. 17 Α I graduated in 1940 or something like 18 that. 19 Q UM-HUM. 20 Α 1941. 21 22 23 24 25 26 3 6

But you get in the United States was Α in a very precarious situation. I feel. YOU DIDN'T LIKE IT, BUT YOU UNDERSTOOD. IS THAT THE --Α I didn't -- right. You see. DID YOU KNOW ANY JAPANESE PEOPLE? I had a terrible experience with a Α Japanese fellow, incidentally, when I was in high school -- junior high school. We took the same math class and we were sort of friendly. And we were super ahead actually in algebra that the teacher didn't know what to do with us, so we went outside and cleaned erasers and --AND THAT'S HOW YOU BEFRIENDED THE JAPANESE? Then I start learning that the Japanese Α were expanded at that time with China and everything. He was -- I think his father was a Japanese consul here in San Francisco. He -- he have no idea he became so mad, and that was -actually my first bad experience. I mean -- I mean nothing runs smoothly, but it was a major bad experience. 0 BUT HE WAS NOT AN AMERICAN, THOUGH? No, he was not. Α

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Q

HE WAS A JAPANESE VISITOR.

Um-hum. 1 Α BUT I WAS THINKING ABOUT MAYBE FROM 2 Q 3 THE --I didn't know any other Japanese. No, 4 Α I -- I did not. But again, let me say I was a --5 it was a bunch of friends at the other here when 6 you all of is you had we saw these big headlights 7 that Japan bombs Pearl Harbor. We really weren't 8 The Army was playing around with guns. 9 prepared. We were lucky they didn't invade Hawaii which they 10 I think people were afraid, you know, 11 could. what Japanese would do here. I don't want to make 12 13 an excuse for the camps over there, but I -- I find that some people want to compare the camps 14 15 that we had for the Japanese with the concentration camps which is -- I mean it's 16 17 ridiculous. I'm -- I'm -- again, you see, I'm not 18 @@condoning it, but I can understand what we did. 19 So, anyway --THE ARMY? 20 Q 21 Α The Army. -- THE ARMY --22 0 23 How did I get in the Army? Α 24 YOU WERE A CITIZEN OR NOT? 25 Right. And it was in Monterey Α Yeah. 26 and they had -- we got there and it wasn't really

an interesting experience. 1 2 YOU WERE A RECRUIT? 3 Α No, no. 4 Q A PRIVATE? 5 Α Yes. I remember one thing. Woke us up some 4:00 o'clock in the 6 7 morning, some dumb time, to give us this test we were going to take, you know. I forgot the name 8 of it. General classification test of some kind, 9 so they would find out a little about you and 10 where to put you. And at the time I -- well, I 11 12 knew a little bit about radio, so I told them I 13 like to go join the signal corps. That wasn't all that bright either. But they were very bright. 14 15 The Army was. 16 They put me in the Air Force. That was part of the United States Army at the time. And I 17 18 was lucky. I really was lucky. 19 Q WHY? 20 Because -- well, aircraft was the best deal I could have gotten, you know. 21 22 0 WHERE DID YOU GO? 23 Eventually I ended up in the Pacific, 24 but that's not the point. It was better than --25 than running up the beach -- not the beach, but --26 oh, yes. The beach. It would have been in the 3

front line with the advancement strapped on my back. I would have gotten in the signal corps.

So, anyway, I gotten into the United States Army air corps, and [TED/] me going to radio school -- at first we went, of course, to basic training which was Fresno -- must have been 110 or above, and doing calisthenics. We used to have the ambulances run it, racing around the field to pick up the guys who passed out. But again, I sort of have an stubborn instinct and whenever I felt I was going to get a little dizzy, I quit so, therefore, I didn't pass out.

Q UM-HUM.

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2.3

A They had classified me as a radio gunner. So I went to radio school in Sioux Falls, South Dakota. And incidentally, I became a citizen there in Sioux Falls, South Dakota in the county of Minnehaha. Did you know that?

Q I HEARD THAT.

A Minnehaha. Very important.

Q WHAT ABOUT ALL THE TIME YOU'RE IN THE ARMY. WAS THERE, YOU KNOW, THE OTHER RECRUITS AND THE --

A It was terribly --

Q IMITATING GERMAN MEN OR --

A I have met all kinds of people, real.

All kinds of people I met before. And -- you. 1 2 YOU THOUGHT THEY WERE --0 3 Α There were no Blacks incidentally. Ιt 4 was amazing. 5 Q SEGREGATED? 6 Α Yeah. And it might have been in the 7 infantry, you know. 8 THEY WERE THERE? 9 Α But in the air corps, I didn't see 10 any. 11 Anyway, I graduated from the school and got to know a little bit about South Dakota and 12 13 Sioux Falls and its surroundings. 14 IT GETS COLD THERE? 15 Yes, but during the summer it was hot. Humid. You wouldn't believe it, really. 16 used to have insects around the streetlights. 17 You 18 couldn't see the lights. 19 SO DID YOU -- YOU HAD A TOUCH OF -- OF 20 COMMUNITY -- BACK WOODS COMMUNITY LIFE IN THIS 21 COUNTRY. 22 Α Yeah. 23 Q THE PEOPLE IN SIOUX FALLS DON'T 24 THINK --25 Α Like Philadelphia, you see. 26 DO YOU HAVE ANY FEELING ABOUT -- THERE Q

-- THERE WERE NO PROBLEMS WITH YOU, THOUGH, WITH 1 2 THE RECRUITS? 3 Α No. 4 AND THINGS LIKE THAT. YOU GOT ALONG VERY WELL WITH THEM? 5 6 Α Yeah. Right. 7 YOU LIKED --Q 8 I had some experiences, and I met some very nice people in Beresford, which is about 40 9 miles below Sioux Falls, South Dakota. Who 10 11 invited me over any time. It was amazing. know, in San Francisco we didn't have any butter 12 13 or meat or anything -- we had some, you know, but there you couldn't -- they had everything, whipped 14 cream, you know, the works. It was amazing. 15 16 But anyways it was -- it was interesting. And the Jewish people, go in the 17 18 department store, they were awfully nice when I 19 was in Sioux City. 20 DID THEY SEEK YOU OUT OR DID YOU SEEK 21 THEM OUT? 22 I don't know how I met them. I met them some way or other. It was fun. 23 24 DO YOU HAVE ANY EXPERIENCES IN THE ARMY YOU WANT TO TELL US ABOUT OTHER THAN SIOUX 25 26 FALLS?

Α Yeah. In -- then I went to gunnery school. And I graduated all right, but -- I also had an experience there. One night in Yuma, Arizona, you see, I went to all the choice places. YUMA, ARIZONA? Α Yes. And I woke up one night and I was break out with blisters all over the place. thought there must have been some kind of flees or something. We were sleeping in tents there and I went to sick call the next day and I told them I had some bugs, must have been biting me. said, "You got bugs all right. Chicken pox." Can you imagine that at that age? So I went through that number. But anyway, I -- like I told you, I was seasick coming over years ago so -- and so they decided -- I graduated all right, but they decided to ground me. And from there I went into AECS, which is Army Aero Communications System, which I did control tower work and that sort of thing, direction finding. And I was -- again I was very fortunate. Q THEY DIDN'T WANT TO MAKE USE OF YOUR GERMAN LANGUAGE.

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A No. But they sent me to the Pacific, you see.

Q I SEE. THAT'S NOT USING IT OVER THERE?

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No. So but anyway, I was lucky because
  1
           Α
  2
     I was a really good unit.
  3
                I THINK THEY DID HAVE SOME
     INTELLIGENCE, SOME GERMAN --
  4
  5
                Yes, I know they did.
           Α
 6
                BUT THEY WEREN'T GOING TO MAKE USE OF
           Q
 7
    YOU IN THAT?
 8
                No. I had gone through radio school.
           Α
 9
                RIGHT. RIGHT. YOU WEREN'T IN
           Q
    INTELLIGENCE?
10
11
                No. They wanted to make use of my
           Α
    schooling. Anyway, again, I was very fortunate.
12
    And I finally wound up in the Pacific and --
13
14
          Q
                SO HOW LONG WERE YOU IN THE ARMY?
15
          Α
                Three and a half years.
16
          Q
                1940 TO --
17
          Α
               146.
18
               '43 TO '46?
          Q
19
          Α
               Yeah.
20
          Q
               I SEE.
21
               I was in the Pacific. I was -- we
    started out -- again, I was on a cruise ship going
22
    to New Caledonia. I want to tell you something it
23
24
    was a disaster, real.
25
          Q
               SEASICKNESS?
26
               It was really a disaster. The -- the
          Α
```

ocean, Pacific Ocean was smooth as glass. I was 1 so conditioned to run to the railing I couldn't 2 quit. It was awful. 3 So anyway, we landed in New Caledonia. 4 From there I went up to good lands canal, RR 5 islands. And from there -- Solomon Islands, which 6 is near @@Boganville. And then I was again 7 8 fortunate. They sent me to the Fiji Islands where I spent the rest of my time till I went back home. 9 10 BUT WHILE YOU WERE IN SOLOMON AND 11 BOGANVILLE AND -- YOU WERE IN ACTION? 12 Α No, I was not. We had one air raid at moan [TKA/]. The place came from -- came from 13 @@Boganville. And they came in low which we 14 didn't expect and they really clobbered 15 us. Next time they came in low we were ready, 16 so -- but anyway, there were a lot of Australians 17 and -- on Fiji there were a lot of Australians and 18 people from New Zealand with whom I became very 19 20 friendly. 21 0 I'M SURE. 22 I came back and I -- I came back just in time that some schooling for G.I.'s, return 23 24 veterans --25 Q THE G.I. BILL? 26 The G.I. bill. I was lucky in that Α

one. And I got English 1A -- now English A. 1 No, I didn't have to take English A. 2 3 BUT YOU WERE --Took English 1A and took the History 4 17A which -- you know, U.S. history, and there was 5 only maybe 10 weeks or something like that. 6 And the classes were -- that was incidentally under 7 8 the San Francisco City College system. 9 Q SO, I SEE. 10 Α And that was -- I want to tell you, the two instructors or professors, whatever you want 11 to call them, were one of the best I've had, 12 Berkeley -- I only was at Berkeley others. They 13 14 were tremendous. 15 Q AT CITY COLLEGE? 16 Α They were super. I mean really --17 WHAT WERE THEIR NAMES? Q 18 Α Names, I'm a dead duck to start out 19 with. 20 Q OKAY. 21 Α Anyway --22 SO YOU WERE PREPARED TO ENTER BERKELEY THEN. IS THAT IT AFTER THAT? 23 24 Yeah, well, I tell you the way I Α started at Berkeley was I met an old friend of 25 mine as I was leaving City College there one day. 26

1 And he said --HIGH SCHOOL FRIEND? 2 3 Α Yeah. And he says -- he told me he was going to go to Berkeley. And he has got a place 4 5 over there already, would I like to move in? 6 That's how I started at Berkeley. I was the -debating whether I should go to Berkeley or to 7 Stanford, so that's how I ended up at Berkeley, 8 9 but I ended up in Berkeley. 10 IF YOU'VE GOT HOUSING IN BERKELEY YOU 11 GO TO BERKELEY, RIGHT, CAN'T TURN IT DOWN? 12 Α Sort of fell into that thing. 13 WHAT DID YOU STUDY THERE? 0 14 Jewish engineering, which is -- which 15 is business administration. 16 I HAVEN'T HEARD THAT FOR A LONG TIME. Q 17 Α Yes. 18 Q THAT PHRASE. 19 I really didn't know what to take, and 20 I went through all the summer sessions and I finished in two and a half years. And but 21 22 anyway --23 PROBABLY TRYING TO FIGURE OUT WHY YOU 24 DID THAT NOW, RIGHT? 25 Α No. No the mistake I made was I had a year and a half left, you see on the G.I. bill. 26

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should have gone -- I should have gone to Europe,
  1
    do some graduate work, you see. That would have
  2
    been clever. But I didn't do it. Because most of
 3
    my friends were working or had responsible jobs
 4
    and I was -- I figured it was about time that I
 5
 6
    entered the mainstream.
 7
           Q
                HOW DID YOU DO THAT? DID YOU --
 8
           Α
                I walked --
 9
                DID YOU GET A JOB OR --
          0
                I got a job, yes. It wasn't all that
10
    easy at the time. We were sort of in a rescission
11
    or something. I don't know whatever it was.
12
13
          Q
               POST-WAR RECESSION.
14
          Α
               And -- were you --
15
          Q
               1951?
16
          Α
               No. '48, '49.
17
               OH. RIGHT. YOU GRADUATED IN TWO AND A
          0
18
    HALF YEARS.
19
               I walked into amongst many other places
    -- I walked into Levi Strauss. And I was a very
20
21
    fortunate.
22
          Q
            YOU WORKED THERE?
23
          Α
               29 years.
24
          Q
               OH, MY. I SEE. SO WHAT KIND OF A
    CAREER DID YOU HAVE THERE? DID YOU MOVE UP THE
25
26
    LADDER AND ALL?
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A What I did was I started out in -- in an a department which was -- which was jobbing, socks, underware that sort of thing. They gave all that up. And from there I went into sales, which afforded me a good income.

Q I'M SURE YOUR OPEN PERSONALITY WAS GOOD

Q I'M SURE YOUR OPEN PERSONALITY WAS GOOD WORK?

A So I started out -- I remember very distinctly. I was one of the training -- the sales training course was about a year and a half. I was one of the top salespeople as part of the training. And there was a phone call from the sales manager asking when I'd like to go to Texas or whether I like to have the outskirts of San Francisco. I took the outskirts of San Francisco, which again wasn't all that brilliant, because that was real tough and Texas would have been a lot easier, but anyway at the outskirts.

And then from there, which was -- well,
I don't want to go into this. It's not
important. From there I went to Bakersfield for
nine years, which had the highest per capita
income -- per capita sales in the United States.

Q OH, MY.

A Incidentally, Levi's went down. There were known as Jewish RR or what else?

Sheepherders. You know, all the sheepherders wore 1 Levi's. But we had a lot of the -- we had a lot of other items to sell that the -- western wear 3 and so on. And then downtown San Francisco opened up, and I applied for that and I got the downtown 5 San Francisco. And you might think that was a big 6 break, which it wasn't. 7 IT'S NOT THE PLACE TO SELL JEANS? 8 That's right. It wasn't -- probably --9 if not the worst, probably the worst territory in 10 the United States. And but anyway, that's all 11 neither here nor there. 12 WE MISSED A FEW YEARS. 13 14 Α It worked out very well. 15 BACK TO THE TENNIS COURT WHERE YOU MET YOUR WIFE? 16 17 Oh, yes. That was after. That was Α 18 after Berkeley. And she was still over in 19 Berkeley, and we played tennis and went swimming. 20 My wife is very athletic and she was in Berkeley. 21 She was a recreation major which turned then into 22 a school -- she became a school psychologist. And 23 several years back she got a Ph.D. 24 0 AND WHAT DID SHE DO HER THESIS ON? 25 What? Α WHAT DID SHE DO HER THESIS ON? 26 Q

First of all her Master's was on Ά 1 testing. And her thesis was on -- you got me. Ι 2 do know what it is, but I forgot. Isn't that 3 awful? Q YOU TOLD ME, I THOUGHT. 5 What the heck was it? 6 Α YOU WERE SAYING SOMETHING ABOUT HER 7 Q 8 DOING SOME WORK ON CHILDREN IN THE Holocaust. 9 Yes. Α SHE HAD --10 Q 11 Yes. Yes, of course. She was --Α I'M SORRY. I THOUGHT --12 Q 13 Α Right, right, right. Now -- now, of course. Her thesis was -- does my blushing show 14 up on the television here? 15 NOW, YOU'RE --16 17 Thank you very much. It was children Α of survivals of the Holocaust. 18 THAT WAS HER THESIS? 19 Q 20 Yes, that's correct. 21 Q I WAS VERY IMPRESSED WHEN YOU TOLD ME THAT. 22 23 And she compared -- for example, the Α 24 divorce rate and the mixed marriages and so on. IS SHE A SURVIVOR? 25 Q 26 Α Yes.

1	Q AND WHERE DID SHE COME FROM?	
2	A Berlin.	
3	Q AND I SEE. AND DID SHE LOST A LOT OF	,
4	FAMILY?	
5	A Not as much.	
6	Q DID SHE COME	
7	A She did not. She came with her	
8	parents. And practically she got out	
9	difficulty getting out, but they did.	ļ
10	Q HAS SHE EVER BEEN RR BY THE HOLOCAUST	??
11	A No, she has not.	
12	Q AND HER NAME IS VERA?	
13	A Vera.	
14	Q OBERMEYER?	
15	A Well, yes. Doesn't necessarily be	
16	Obermeyer. My daughter has kept her name	
17	Obermeyer.	
18	Q YOU HAVE CHILDREN?	
19	A Yes.	
2 0	Q MARRIED CHILDREN?	
21	A Married children, yes.	
22	Q HOW MANY CHILDREN DO YOU HAVE?	
2 3	A Three. One boy and two girls.	
2 4	Q AND THEY'RE ALL MARRIED?	
25	A They're all married. They're having	
26	children and one is expecting.	

- O HOW MANY IS THAT ALTOGETHER?
- A It will be five. Five grandchildren I'm talking about now and three children.
 - Q YES.

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- A One boy. A boy, 38. And two girls.
- Q THEY'RE STILL --
- A 35 and 33.
- Q AND DO THEY LIVE HERE?
- A Out son who just came through here and visited us lives up in Oregon. And he is a U.S. forester -- Forest Service.
- 12 O THAT'S -- THAT'S INTERESTING.
 - A Yeah. I think it's marvelous. And he's married and has two children. One boy was down here for his seventh girl day just now and a little one, two years old. And they are very, very, nice grandchildren.
 - THERE WAS ANY KIND OF APPREHENSION WHEN YOU WERE

 -- WHEN THOSE KIDS WERE YOUNG YOU KNOW, WHETHER

 EVENTS THAT TOOK PLACE SCARED YOU ABOUT FEAR FOR

 BEING A JEW AND IN A COUNTRY LIKE THIS? YOU SEEM

 AS THOUGH YOU WERE @@EXUBERANT AND CONFIDENT AND

 YOU LOVED IT HERE AND ALL THAT. DID YOU EVER HAVE

 ANY MISGIVINGS WHEN THEY CAME HOME WITH STORIES

 MAYBE OF --

Α No. 1 -- ANY PROBLEMS LIKE THAT? 2 No. Really you know -- you have 3 Α 4 problems --ANY ANTI-SEMITISM OR --5 Α Really. I mean, if you wouldn't have 6 7 any problems in life it would be very boring, 8 don't you think? Yeah. So sure they have problems. Anti-Semitism or whatever. And so have 9 I, you know. But I don't think you -- I think the 10 good things far outway the bad things. 11 12 OH, YES. Q I -- I -- I don't think we should dwell 13 on the bad things. However, I don't believe you 14 15 should forget, and I think that's very important. 16 Q AND THAT'S WHY WE'RE HERE. 17 Α Yes. 18 MAYBE THIS IS A GOOD PLACE TO END IT. Q YOU SHOULD NEVER FORGET? 19 20 Α Yes. We should never forget. By all 21 means. 22 Q I'VE ENJOYED INTERVIEWING YOU, WALTER. 23 Well, I've enjoyed talking to you. 24 despite the fact that we didn't find the place so 25 easily --26 THERE WERE SOME OBSTACLES IN OUR WAY. Q 18

- A Roadblocks. We didn't have --
- I SHOULD GIVE YOU AN OPPORTUNITY TO 2 Q SAY, YOU KNOW, AT THIS POINT, BECAUSE I'VE ASKED 3 SOME QUESTIONS AND YOU'VE HAD TIME TO THINK BACK 4 AND FORTH. IF THERE'S SOMETHING ELSE YOU WANTED 5 TO SAY IN GENERAL TERMS ABOUT MAKING SURE HISTORY 6 7 IS RECORDED OR WHATEVER. WHAT'S IN YOUR MIND? DON'T LET ME READ IT, IN OTHER WORDS. ANY OTHER 8 9 THINGS YOU WANT TO COVER IN THIS INTERVIEW THAT I HAVEN'T RAISED? 10
 - A I think we covered the basic points.

 Not in detail, but --
 - MAN MAN: I have a question. I'd be curious to know what the logistics were in getting onto the Children's Transport. What the specific logistics were involved in doing that. And then what, say, a day was like on the transport and then how long --
- 19 THE WITNESS: Sure.

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- 20 MAN MAN: -- that trip took and --
 - THE WITNESS: Let me say, first of all, I had an absolutely marvelous meal whenever we left [PWRAEUPL/] [ER/] how [SRER/] after which I was a total loss because I was so damn seasick. But how did I get on the transport? It wasn't a transport really. Didn't I point that out somewhere around?